

## Exercise Sheet 5

### Techniques of Differentiation, Storrer 5

Hand in: Wednesday, **25.10.2017**, ahead of the lecture.

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#### MUST

#### Exercise 1

- What is the definition of continuity?
- Is a differentiable function always continuous?
- Determine the derivatives of the following functions:

$$\begin{array}{llll} (1) f(x) = 0 & (2) f(x) = 5 & (3) f(x) = x & (4) f(x) = x^2 \\ (5) f(x) = e^x & (6) f(x) = \ln(x) & (7) f(x) = \sin(x) & (8) f(x) = \cos(x) \end{array}$$

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#### STANDARD

#### Exercise 2 (3 points)

Find  $a$  and  $b$  such that the function  $f$  is differentiable in  $x_0$ .

Hint: Differentiability implies continuity.

- a) (1 point)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - ax & , \quad x \leq x_0 \\ -x^2 + b & , \quad x > x_0 \end{cases} ; \quad x_0 = 1$$

- b) (1 point)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{4} & , \quad x \leq x_0 \\ ax^a + bx & , \quad x > x_0 \end{cases} ; \quad x_0 = 1$$

- c) (1 point)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{ax} & , \quad x \leq x_0 \\ \frac{b}{x+2} & , \quad x > x_0 \end{cases} ; \quad x_0 = 0$$

#### Exercise 3 (4 points)

Determine the first derivatives of the following functions:

a) (1 point)  $f(x) = \ln(x) \cdot x^n$  ,  $x > 0$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}_{>0}$

b) (1 point)  $f(x) = \sqrt[4]{\frac{x^2 - 1}{x}}$  ,  $x \neq 0$

c) (1 point)  $f(x) = \frac{\cos^2(x)}{e^{-x} - e^x}$

d) (1 point)  $f(x) = \cos(\cos(\cos(x)))$

**Exercise 4** (3 points)

a) (2 points) Determine the derivative of  $f(x) = \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2} - a^2}$

b) (1 point) Determine the derivative of  $f(x) = \tan(\sqrt{x^2 - 1})$

HONOURS

**Aufgabe 5** (3 Points) Determine the derivative of the function

$$f(x) = \arcsin(\sqrt{1 - x^2}), \quad |x| < 1 \quad .$$